



Preposition	Common Usage	Examples
at	to indicate: (1) the location in a particular place or position (2) the time of an event (3) the object of verbs dealing with looking and gesturing	(1) The concert was held at the stadium. (2) The lunch will be served at 1:00 p.m. (3) He stared at his watch.
by	 to indicate: (1) the actor (person doing action) (2) method of doing something (3) the location of an object in relation to something else 	(1) The painting was done by Picasso.(2) We finished the project by working all night.(3) Let's go that village by the sea.
for	 to indicate: (1) support of something (2) on behalf of or the benefit of someone (3) purpose or function 	(1) I voted for Mary.(2) I did all this for you.(3) I will prepare a speech for tonight's benefit.
from	to indicate: (1) origin (2) source material (3) starting point	(1) He is from Boston.(2) Lisa made a sculpture from stone.(3) We began from knowing nothing to learning a lot about English grammar rules!
in	to indicate: (1) something is surrounded by another thing (2) time period during which an event occurs (3) length of time before a future event takes place (4) a state or condition	 (1) The gift is in the box. (2) The next winter Olympics will be held in 2018. (3) We should leave in ten minutes. (4) I think the victim is in shock.
into	to indicate: (1) entering a place that is surrounded (2) movement resulting in someone making physical contact with something else (3) the object of a verb expressing attention or interest (4) a change of condition or state	 (1) I walked into the library. (2) The boy wasn't paying attention and ran into a tree. (3) I would like to look into this matter further. (4) Turn your weaknesses into your strengths.
of	to indicate: (1) possession (2) the relationship between a part and a whole (3) relationship between general category and a	(1) The house of my friend's parents is over there.(2) The front of my house has many windows.



List of Common English Prepositions

<u>Preposition</u>	Common Usage	Examples
	 specific member of the category (4) the relationship between a verb (thinking verbs) and its indirect object (5) material with which something is built 	 (3) The book of Job is in the <i>Old Testament</i>. The concept of utopia is fascinating. (4) He knows of the situation. (5) The house is made of concrete.
on	to indicate: (1) physical contact or support by the surface of something (2) creating a specific part of some surface (3) the topic of something (4) membership of a committee or board of something (5) the target, aim, or focus of something (6) the method of transmitting or storing something	 (1) I sat on the floor. (2) He loved the smile on her face. (3) Let's focus on one problem at a time. (4) I have to serve on the jury next week. (5) There were many attacks on the city. (6) We stored the data on a thumb drive.
onto	 to indicate: (1) moving to the surface of something (2) getting aboard something 	(1) The speaker walked onto the stage. (2) We got onto the train just in time.
to	 to indicate: motion in the direction of a place (2) the end of a range of numbers or time period (3) the result of a process (4) the recipient of something (5) the second part of a comparative phrase 	 (1) Mike went to California. (2) We normally work from 9 to 5. (3) The dried bread crumbled to dust. (4) I gave a gift to my sister. (5) Reading a good book is similar to having a good conversation.